LITERATURE – 2A

START THINKING ...

1 Work in pairs. Discuss the questions.

- Is it important to have a best friend?
- Do you only have friends of your own age?
- Is it better to have just a few good friends or lots of friends?

THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST (1895) Oscar Wilde

Jack has just arrived at his friend Algernon's flat in London. Algernon has just discovered that Jack has two names ...



	ALGERNON	Now, go on! Tell me the whole thing. I have my
		suspicions. I think you're a Bunburyist, in fact I'm quite sure of it now.
	JACK	Bunburyist? Whatever do you mean by a Bunburyist?
5	ALGERNON	Before I tell you what a Bunburyist is, answer my question: Why are you Ernest in town but Jack in the country?
	JACK	It's perfectly simple, let me explain. As you know, my real name is Jack and when I'm in the country I'm a serious person because I'm responsible for my young niece Cecily. She lives with her governess , Miss Prism in my house in the country.
	ALGERNON	Where is this place in the country?
10	JACK	I'm not telling you – and it isn't near here.
	ALGERNON	All right, go on with your explanation .
	JACK	Well, I try to give Cecily a good example and I always behave very well when I'm with her in the country – but that's sometimes boring …
	ALGERNON	It certainly is!
15	JACK	So, I pretend I've got a younger brother called Ernest.
	ALGERNON	I see! You say Ernest lives in London, so you've got an excuse to come here when you like.
	JACK	That's right. When I'm in London I pretend to be Ernest, Jack's younger brother. That means I can have fun, go to parties and do what I like. That, my dear Algy, is the whole truth , pure and simple.
20	ALGERNON	The truth is rarely pure and never simple – that's why life is so exciting! But I was quite right, you are a Bunburyist! In fact, you are an advanced Bunburyist!
	JACK	What do you mean?
	ALGERNON	You've invented a younger brother but I've invented a friend. His name is Bunbury and he lives in the country. He's always ill, poor man, so I often go to visit him.
	JACK	I see, so you always have an excuse for going to the country to see your friends.
25	ALGERNON	Exactly. Now that I know you're a Bunburyist, I want to talk about it and tell you the rules.
	JACK	I'm not a Bunburyist at all! If I marry your cousin Gwendolen, Ernest will disappear forever
	ALGERNON	You marry Gwendolen! That's not very likely!
	JACK	She's a charming girl. I also think that your friend Mr with the silly name – needs to disappear too.
	ALGERNON	Never! Bunbury is a very good friend to me.

Glossary to act as if something is true suspicion a belief or idea that something may be true pretend a false reason that you use perfectly completely excuse a woman who lives with a family and teaches truth the real facts governess not often their children rarely explanation the reasons someone gives to explain something disappear to not exist behave to act in a particular way

2 No.1 Read the text and listen.

3 Read the text again. Answer the questions.

- 1 What is Jack's other name? Why has he got two names?
- 2 Why does Jack behave well with Cecily?
- 3 What is Ernest like?
- 4 Who is Mr Bunbury?
- 5 What is a Bunburyist?
- 6 What advice does Jack give Algernon?

4 READ BETWEEN THE LINES Answer the questions.

- 1 What is the relationship between Jack and Algernon?
- 2 Why won't Jack tell Algernon where he lives?
- 3 When and why will Ernest disappear?

5 VOCABULARY Complete the sentences with the correct words from the glossary in the correct form.

- Queen Victoria's nine children had a ______ who taught them at home.
- 2 In Victorian society, there were harsh consequences for children who ______ badly.
- 3 There was a huge growth in population in Great Britain and Ireland between 1819 and 1901; the ______ is that it grew from 20 million to 41 million.
- 4 Poverty was a serious problem; homeless children ______ had enough to eat or drink.
- 5 Many rich people _____ that poverty didn't exist. They avoided areas where poor and homeless people lived.
- 6 There was a simple ______ for the bad living conditions. There were too many people and not enough houses.
- 6 ROLE PLAY Work in groups of three. Gwendolen is at a party in London with her friend, Toby. Toby introduces her to 'Ernest'. What happens? Student A is Gwendolen, Student B is Toby, Student C is Ernest. Read the beginning of the conversation and then continue with your own ideas.

ТОВҮ	Gwendolen! How lovely to see you.
	You must meet my friend Ernest.
	Ernest! This is my friend Gwendolen.
	She lives here in London too.
GWENDOLEN	But this isn't Ernest. This is Jack!

7 **LISTENING** D2A.2 Jack has asked Gwendolen to marry him. Listen to his conversation with Gwendolen's mother, Lady Bracknell. Complete the information.

Name: Jack ⁰ <u>Worthing</u> Age: ¹ years old. Annual income: ²£ Address: ³ Belgrave Square, London Number of relatives: ⁴ Found by: ⁵ Found in: ⁶ Permission to marry Gwendolen? ⁷

WRITING Summaries

8 WRITING Write a summary of the conversation between Algernon and Jack in no more than 100 words.

- Read the dialogue and underline the key information. Try to think of answers to *Who? What? When? Where? Why? How?*
- Don't copy the text. Try to use synonyms and your own words to give the same information.
- Don't include your own opinions. Only include the facts.
- When you have finished your summary read it again. Check your spelling and grammar. Delete anything that isn't important.

THINK WIT

Oscar Wilde is famous for his witty style of writing. An example of wit is the choice of name for one of the characters – *Ernest* is a man's name, but *Earnest* means serious. Wilde often uses words in clever ways in his writing.

9 Match the quotations with their meanings. Then discuss the quotations in pairs.

- 1 The truth is rarely pure and never simple.
- 2 The only good thing to do with good advice is to pass it on; it is never of any use to oneself. ____
- 3 I can resist everything but temptation.
- a When people offer a suggestion, it isn't always relevant to this specific problem.
- **b** I can't stop doing things I know I shouldn't.
- c There are usually two sides to every story.